









## BURGLARY AND RECEIVING.

Regina v. Ho Ahuk and Lee Ahoi.

The prisoners were indicted for burglary and larceny in the dwelling house of Yip Ahong, and the second, a woman, was in addition, charged with receiving, as a few pieces of old clothes were found in her house.

The first prisoner pleaded guilty to the charge, but said the second had nothing to do with the matter. It was he who took the things to her house. He went there to look for her husband, but could not find him. He left the things there without the woman knowing it.

The Attorney General entered a *nolle prosequi* against the 2nd prisoner, as the evidence against her was vague, and that it was quite possible that the things were put there without her knowledge as the 1st prisoner stated.

The 1st prisoner was then arraigned on his previous convictions, to which he pleaded guilty. He was sent to seven years' penal servitude.

Low Ah-an, the tall, man, who was convicted of stealing a bale of shirting belonging to Messrs Birley & Co., while being transhipped in a cargo-boat, was brought up for sentence. As there was a doubt in Mr Justice Snowdon's mind as to the prisoner's guilt, his Lordship simply called upon him to enter into his own recognizance to come up for sentence when required.

Chun A-tai and Low A-fai, convicted of wounding two boat women and robbing them of some jewellery, were brought up for sentence, and were sent to five years' penal servitude each.

This closed the Sessions for the current month.

## Police Intelligence.

(Before the Hon. C. May.)

28th December, 1877.

## LARCENY OF A JACKET.

Kwong Aing, a hawk, was sentenced to three months' hard labour for stealing a jacket.

## DUNKS AND CHAIRS.

William Parker, a seaman belonging to H. M. S. *Tamar*, was fined 50 cents and ordered to pay 10 cents chair-hire for being drunk and breaking a chair.

## BOARDING STEAMERS.

Shik Sun Kung, a boatman, and three boarding house runners were charged with boarding the S. S. *Yin-tan* before she anchored and before the Health Officer had been on board, and were fined \$2 each or 7 days' hard labour.

Sing Ting Hung, a boatman, and a boat-woman were fined \$2 each for creating a disturbance in their boats alongside the same steamer.

Shik Chan Hak, a boatman, was fined \$2 for taking boarding house runners on board the same steamer before she was anchored.

## FALSE CHARGE.

Teang-lum San, a shop-keeper, was fined \$25 or 3 months' hard labour for bringing a false charge.

## ASSAULT.

Filomena Maria, a married woman, was fined \$1 for assaulting her servant. It appeared that the servant had placed the teapot on the floor, and the defendant struck her in the eye with her fist.

## AN ALLEGED BRUTAL AND UNPROVOKED ASSAULT.—STRANGE CASE.

The following is a continuation of the case heard yesterday, in which Charles Newman was charged by Inspector Whitehead with assaulting him.

Mr Terada, clerk at the Japanese Consulate, was sworn in as Interpreter.

Hannah was again declared. She kept a brothel at Peel Street; there were three girls in the house. I recollect a number of men coming to the house on Saturday night about 12 o'clock. I cannot say exactly if the defendant was one of them. I cannot swear if Messrs Lapsley and Beaton were there. I know Inspector Whitehead; he was not one of the men. I was in bed when they came in, and did not see them all. I got up and went down to them. The other two girls did not see them at all. I am quite certain Inspector Whitehead was not in the house, and they had none there. Inspector Whitehead never told me to give them any; he was not there.

To defendant:—I know I can be punished for giving false evidence. There are punishments in Japan for giving false evidence.

Abnu, another of the inmates, was called; but she did not know anything about the matter.

The Chinese boy, called, said he was servant to the last witness and recollects Saturday night last. The defendant came into the house on that night with several others, two of them are outside. The Inspector (Whitehead) was not there. I will swear I did not see him there. They had no drink in the house; they asked for it, but did not get any. I saw nothing of a \$5 note. I did not see the bagpipes. (Witness points out Mr K. Beaton and Mr Lapsley) I saw a Sergeant and another man fighting, and the defendant went out and called police. Inspector Whitehead was not in the house, nor had he anything to do with the row. I knew nothing further about the matter until I was sent for.

To defendant:—I am quite certain the Inspector was not in the house that night. I swear I never received \$5, and no liquor was sold in the house. I never saw my mistress receive any money.

Chair-coolie (No. 306) said he was engaged by Inspector Whitehead on Saturday night.

William Lapsley was next called and was cautioned by the Magistrate, who said that he was not bound to answer any question which might incriminate himself. Some one of two men had made use of words of such a nature which, if his Worship was sure of the identity of the individual, might place him in a very awkward position.

Witness was then examined. I recollect the night of Saturday last. We tried to get into the Japanese house. I tried, and a Chinaman came to a little window, but would not open the door. Inspector Whitehead, whom I had never known

before, came forward, and he and I then got in; all the others came forward. The door was opened by a coolie, the same now in Court. We all went into a room at the left side of the passage; there was a light there.

Mr Whitehead sat on my right hand. I remarked that it was strange we had never met before. I do not recollect what he said in reply. I objected to the bagpipes playing because it was Sunday morning, when we were having a glass of beer and some champagne.

Mr Russell: What part of Scotland do you come from?

Witness: The North of Ireland. Continued:—I was elected Emperor, and I had to pay for the beer. I mean umpire, and I was at the head of the table and paid for the liquor. I saw three women. Kenneth Beaton had the pipes, the most of those present wanted them played, but I as umpire objected, as the hour was so late.

Mr Russell: Oh! you objected to the pipes, but you did not mind going into a brothel on Sunday morning.

Witness: No, I suppose I am like other people, go where there are drinks to be got. I at length agreed that the mistress of the house should decide whether the pipes should be played. She voted for the pipes; but they were not played as the beer and champagne appeared at this time, and all paid their attention to that. We had no difficulty in getting the beer and champagne. It did not require Mr Whitehead's assistance to get the drinks. None of the women were present when the drinks were ordered. I am quite certain it was not tea we had to drink. The drinks were brought in, and poured out in glasses, and I threw a five-dollar note on the table to pay for the liquor. One of the Sergeants wanted to fight, and Newman threw a \$100 note on the table, and I picked it up to take care of it.

The case was proceeding when our Reporter left the Court.

Mr Russell:—He appeared to be very flush with his money. Did you see any other \$100 notes?

Witness:—No, only one. Two of the sergeants were pretty far gone with drink. If any of the sergeants said that Whitehead was not present, they would be perjuring themselves. A sergeant had a quarrel with me, and we had a tumble together, and the lights were then put out and all ran away but he and I. We were not more than ten yards from the house when Whitehead came up and said to the defendant, "I believe you want me," and at the same time struck him on the face. I did not see the second witness (Haddock) in the street. The defendant returned the blow, and Whitehead was pushed down in the gutter, where they had a fight. Whitehead then got up again and told the defendant to stop fighting, as I considered that he was too powerful for Whitehead. I think defendant's foot came in contact with Whitehead's face, but I do not think it was done intentionally. I will swear that I did not hear the words used by the defendant, as stated by the complainant and the second witness.

By Mr Whitehead:—I was charged at this Court two years ago for assaulting a man with a knife and fined \$10. The case arose out of two chair-coolies assaulting me, and I happened to have a sword-stick with me. I am sure that I never saw you before. I might have seen you, but not to my knowledge.

To defendant:—I do not recollect going out of the house, and then returning.

Continued:—I saw one Chinese Constable in the street, and the defendant asked him to get a European Constable; this was after the fight. The defendant has not told me what to say. The defendant spoke to the Constable in English; I am quite certain of that.

Kenneth Beaton was then called. He said:—I am employed at the Sugar Factory. I was with Lapsley on Saturday night, and had my bagpipes with me. I went to a Japanese brothel, but did not see any women. I cannot say if I drank any wine in the house. I am sure I did not play the pipes in the house. I took them outside and put them into the wrong chair. I did not see Mr Whitehead in the house.

Mr Russell: Now, look here, it is no use you trying to hide anything, because I must have it out.

Witness: I am not going to tell a lie. Whitehead might have been there, but I did not see him.

Mr Russell at this stage adjourned the case till to-day (Friday) at 10 a.m., it being then 7 o'clock, and cautioned the witness not to speak to anyone about the case, and asked him not to read the papers. He (Mr Russell) would ask him on his oath if he had spoken to any person about the case.

Dec. 28, 1877.

Kenneth Beaton recalled said: Lapsley and I left home at 10 o'clock p.m.; we had some drink before we left.

Mr Russell: You may think me a very inquisitive sort of man, it may be thought rather strange of me wishing to know all you had to drink and what you had, but it is necessary for me to be able to judge the state in which you were that evening. You are quite justified in drinking what you please, and at Christmas time it is quite excusable. You will understand my reason for asking these questions.

Witness continued: We had some brandy in the afternoon; I had three glasses. Lapsley was sober so far as I could see, he was in the same state apparently as myself. We had a drink at the Hongkong Hotel. I had beer; I cannot say what Lapsley had. I had only one glass. After we left the hotel we turned to the left and went up the brass (hill); there were a number of men with Lapsley; I walked behind. We left the hotel when it shut. I cannot say if the men were soldiers or not; I did not take particular notice of them. One man left the hotel.

Mr Russell: You are the most curious man I have ever examined as a witness. Do you know Inspector Whitehead? there he is sitting in the Court; was he one of the men?

Witness: I do not know; I did not see him; I did not take particular notice. There was one Sergeant there, I think; I do not know his name; I might know him again. I do not know who went into the Japanese house. Newman went in; I cannot say if the Sergeant went in; I did not take particular notice. I do not know who proposed to go into the house. Some one knocked at the door and it was opened. I went into a room and Lapsley went into the same room. There were more than five rooms. I cannot say if I had anything to drink; I went into the house to get drink. I was hardly sober; I am nearly sure I had no drink. I did not see any money on the table. I heard some talk of a hundred dollars

note and saw Lapsley hand one to that gentleman in the house (Newman). I do not know if it was a hundred dollar note or not. Some one wanted me to play the pipes; I did not play them; it was too late. I did not see any Japanese girls. I did not see any Chinese boy. I lost my pipes and I put them in a chair; I took the number.

Mr Russell: What was the number?

Witness: That's what I've forgot.

Mr Russell: You seem to have a bad memory. You are not sure if you had any drink, but would have taken it if you got it. Pipes generally do like a little drop.

Witness: Whitehead might have been there without my noticing him. After I put the pipes into the chair I went back to the house; two or three minutes elapsed before my return to the house. I got the pipes again the next morning. The light was put out shortly afterwards, and I then left the house. I do not know what the row was about, but there was a deal of loud talking; I did not see any fighting, nor did I hear anyone call out "Police." I left the house and walked up and down on the footpath in front of the house waiting for Lapsley to come out.

Mr Russell: Did you hear anybody threaten Mr Whitehead?

Witness: No.

Mr Russell: Recollect you are on your oath.

Witness: Anything I know it's there (clapping the rail of the witness box with the palm of his hand.)

Mr Russell: Then read Haddock's evidence relating to what was said before Whitehead appeared.

Witness: I saw a man come up the street and some one strike him, but I did not know who struck him; I believe it was Newman. I never saw Whitehead before in my life. I think we were standing outside the house about a quarter of an hour before the case was started. I left the house two or three minutes before the others. (Witness was rather "mixed" here also.)

Defendant: Did you not tell me you did not know what had become of your pipes?

Witness: Yes, I told you I did not know what had become of the pipes. Continued: I told you that they were put into a chair. The drink might have been brought in when I was away to put the pipes in the chair. I was in company with Mr Lapsley the whole evening, and if he had brought any liquor with him, I must have seen it. I did not see you put your foot in Whitehead's face, but I will swear you did not do so. I saw a man lying on the ground; he was not insensible but was speaking; I do not know what he said. I did not see him taken to the station; I was away home.

To Complainant: I went to see the Boat Race on Saturday afternoon, and had the pipes with me. I played them. I do not see what this has to do with the case.

Mr Russell: Oh! there is a difference of opinion on that head. Complainant thinks it has and you must answer the questions.

Witness continued: I had something to drink that afternoon, but I cannot say how much. I had five or six glasses; I do not know whether they were glasses or half glasses.

Mr Russell: What's your usual measure?

Witness: I don't know; Mr Lapsley was not with me all the time, I do not know what he had to drink.

P. C. (281) declared said:—On Saturday night about 1 past 1 o'clock I was on duty at Peel Street with P. C. 257. I saw the defendant standing at the door of the Japanese brothel. He spoke in Chinese and said "Lokong! Lokong! there is a man inside house beat me." When I got to the threshold of the door three or four men who looked like officers of vessels, pushed me out of the house. The hats had gold bands round them. I did not see Inspector Whitehead there. The same men pushed the defendant out of the house and closed the door. (Corrected) The people who pushed me out of the house left the house, and somebody closed the door. I did not see the China boy in Court. I had my back turned and some one kicked me; I could not see who it was. I have been in the Police force 10 days.

To Defendant: I did not see anybody grasp you by the breast and try to pull you forward. You went into the house, and were pushed out again. I was pushed out first and you afterwards; I therefore could not see who pushed you out. It was dark in the house. After you and I were pushed out I went to call the Inspector. I saw you struggling with another man. I went to the station and you and the other man came to the station after me. There were a good many chairs about. I am quite sure Whitehead was not in the house when I was there.

Chair-coolie (No. 306) was next called:—Inspector Whitehead engaged my chair at the Oriental Hotel; I carried him along Wellington Street till he came opposite a Pawn shop. He then got out and was talking to a friend. There were a number of soldiers left the Hotel at the same time; they did not go in the same direction as the Inspector. I know the R. O. Cathedral. I carried the Inspector in that direction; he was in the chair.

Mr Russell: This is all wrong.

Mr Whitehead: Perhaps I engaged him more than once.

Witness: I was engaged by the Inspector on Friday night at 1 past 6 o'clock and took him to his family house. I am referring to Saturday night. The soldiers went towards the Hongkong Club, and I carried the Inspector to the Ye Yin Pawn Shop, and he then got out and talked to a friend. I did not pick up the bagpipes, the Inspector put something in my chair. This was before I went to the Station. I never went to the Japanese brothel; I did not see where the Inspector got the bagpipes. He put them into the chair and then went away again; this was before we went to the Station. About 1/2 an hour after I got the parcel I heard the disturbance in the street. I carried the Inspector home after we left the Station. I did not go back to the same place again. After leaving the Station the Inspector never got out of the chair until he reached home. He went home without a cap; I am quite certain that the pipes were put into the chair before I heard the noise.

To Defendant: I am quite certain it was the complainant put the pipes into the chair, and I heard the row afterwards. I did not see a crowd of men; I only saw the Inspector with a friend. I did not hear you crying out for "Pongpan."

To Complainant: You got out of my chair at D'Agular Street and when near the R. O. Cathedral you got in again. (Corrected) you did not get into the chair again after leaving D'Agular Street until getting to the Station. After leaving the Station you got out of the chair and went to look for your cap; you did not find it, but did not see anything that I saw.

The other Chair-coolies were then called, and gave a somewhat similar statement.

Stephen Comben, sworn and examined by Newman, asked:—He was a Sergeant of Artillery, he did not see Inspector Whitehead yesterday. He recollects the night of the 22nd, and saw defendant at the Oriental together with several others. They left the Hotel when the lights were put out; there were seven altogether. Whitehead was one of the number. When which they got to the corner of Wellington and Peel Streets it was proposed to go to the Japanese house.

Defendant: Did not the whole crowd go to the Japanese house? Recollect you are sworn on the Bible.

Answer:—No. Inspector Whitehead stopped at the corner and said he was going his rounds, and witness saw no more of him that night. Witness recollected going into the house, there were six or seven altogether. There was some little difficulty in getting into the house, they opened a little trap first. They had no drink in the house; some one called for drink, but it could not be got. Witness was quite sure he saw no drink in the house, and no money produced; he saw the mistress of the house. He saw Lapsley there; he was "President" or "Boss," and appeared to be very comfortable in the chair at the head of the table. The table was something like the one in Court (about 6 ft. by 4 ft.); a man in the house had a set of pipes, and witness asked him to play them. The man replied that he could not unless Mr Lapsley allowed it, as Mr Lapsley was the master; witness told him to go on and never mind the master. The man replied he could not. Mr Lapsley then stood up and said (Mr Lapsley) was "president" or "boss," and he would not allow the man to play. Witness replied, if you "boss" a black-man, you won't "boss" me. Lapsley then went towards witness and witness went towards Lapsley. Lapsley struck witness in the chest, and witness fell, and Lapsley fell on the top of him. Both were on the floor when the lamp either went out accidentally or was put out, and then the whole crowd cleared out of the house. The light was out and no drink could be procured.

Witness: I have known Whitehead since February last.

Defendant: Have you often been in his company?

Witness: A little oftener than in yours.

In reply to the Court, witness said: He was quite certain Whitehead did not go into the house, nor did he (witness) see him in the house.

Joseph Wilson was next called and said: He was a Sergeant in the 28th Regt. He recollects leaving the "Oriental" Hotel on Saturday night about midnight; Whitehead was with him, besides several others. Whitehead bid them good-bye at the corner of Peel and Wellington Streets.

Witness continued: Goodwin and I went in the direction of the United Service Club. The Club was closed. We went into the Japanese house and found the other men sitting round the table with Lapsley and Beaton. Sgt. Comben asked Beaton to play the pipes and Lapsley would not allow it. Comben said Lapsley had nothing to do with it, and Lapsley still objected Comben got up and began fighting. I then left the house. I saw no drink or tumblers in the house. The others could not have been there above 5 minutes. I did not see Whitehead in the brothel at all. I saw a hundred dollar note thrown on the table by Newman, but I did not see a five dollar note. I had the note in my hand, and Lapsley matched it out of my hand. I have read the newspapers, but I am not influenced by what I read there in any way. I am simply stating what I saw and heard.

Henry Clark, a Sergeant of Artillery, sworn: I was in the Japanese brothel the night of the 22nd Dec. Whitehead was not there. He did not go in with me, nor did I see him there. I saw Mr Whitehead before I went in there at the corner of Wellington and Peel Streets. I saw no money in the house. I neither saw a \$100 nor a \$5 note. I went in the house with Lapsley. I saw no liquor in the house; I only left the room a few minutes. There was no appearance of drink in the house whilst I was there. The light was put out, but I cannot say whether it was put out in the scullery or was put out by the boy. I am quite sure Whitehead was not in the house whilst I was there. I cannot say if there is any back door.

Mr Russell, to defendant: Do you wish to call any more witnesses? I think you are only damaging your own case.

Defendant said he should like to call them all; he supposed they would all tell the same story, but they were perjuring themselves and would have to answer for it hereafter.

Mr Russell: I dare say these men know very well what they are saying, and if you choose to call them, of course you may. They are your witnesses, and they are all giving evidence dead against you.

John Goodwin sworn: I am a Staff Sergeant. I recollect the night of the 22nd Dec. I met Whitehead at the "Oriental Hotel." I went to a house in Peel Street. Newman was there. Whitehead was not there; I did not see him there. I left him to the best of my knowledge at the corner of Wellington and Peel Streets. I saw no drink in the house, nor did I see any money.

Inspector Whitehead recalled: I never got into my chair after first leaving it until I got into it at the Station. I picked up the bagpipes in the gutter. I got into my chair at the "Oriental," and rode about five yards; I then thought I would get out again.

To Defendant: I believe there is a back door to the Japanese Brothel.

Produced doctor's certificate: Oh! You did not tell me the teeth you lost were false teeth. That makes a very great difference.

Complainant: I did not think it did.

D. P. B. Ayres (Colonial Surgeon) was next called:—I saw Inspector Whitehead on the morning of Tuesday, the 28th, I examined him. He had two black eyes; the right eye was partially blood-shot. I saw also that he had lost four false teeth. A blow with a fist would have knocked them out, I should think. There was no more injury about his face than might have been caused by a man's fist; his face was scratched as if some one had been clawing him with his nails.

To Defendant:—There is nothing to show that his face was trampled upon by a man's foot.

Defendant: Have you heard anything about Mr Whitehead?

Dr. Ayres: I have had reports made to me by some of the European women; but on investigation they have proved to be unfounded. His general character has been fairly good.

Inspector Lindsay, sworn:—I went to the Japanese Brothel on the 25th and made enquiries about this matter. I saw a Chin boy, and he said that a number of men came to the house on Saturday night, and there had been a row. He said he did not know any of the men's names; there were some soldiers with three stripes. I asked if any Inspector of Police was there, and he said, Yes. I asked if he knew him, and he said, No. I asked if it was not the Inspector of Brothels, and he said, Yes. His mistress came in at this moment, and she said the Inspector of Brothels was not there. I asked her about the fight, and she said it was in the street. I again asked the boy (in Chinese this time), and he said, No, it was not the Inspector of Brothels; it was a man dressed like an Inspector of Police.

Mr Russell observed that he was compelled to say that he thought it would be more satisfactory to the defendant, as well as to the complainant and all concerned, that Lapsley be charged with perjury, and the case heard before a Jury. He (Mr Russell) was glad to see that there had not been that amount of violence used which he was under the impression until the last 10 minutes had been. The Doctor's evidence showed that the teeth which had been lost were false teeth, and the Doctor said that they could easily have been knocked out by a man's fist, and that the amount of injury was not greater than what could have been inflicted by a man's fist. He (Mr Russell) of course had great powers with regard to dealing with charges of assault, and he could deal with the present case; but taking into account the side issue which had arisen, owing to the conflicting statements of the witness as to the presence of Mr Whitehead at the brothel and the liquor, he thought it would be much more satisfactory to all parties to send the case to the Supreme Court. He would direct Mr Horspool to put Mr Lapsley on the charge sheet for perjury; either he had committed perjury or there had been a conspiracy between the witnesses to give false testimony. It was for Mr Lapsley to disprove their testimony.

The defendant would also be committed for trial at the Supreme Court.

## China.

## CHUNG-KING.

Our readers will be interested in the following story of Mr. Baber's recent doings, told in his own graphic language:—

My last note was written from near Mount Omi. From that point I made N. W. and from Ya-chou began to veer south. Passing Ning-yuen-fu I went to Hui-chow, then turned east, and crossed the Yangtze into Yunnan not far from Tung-ch'uan. Thence through the wildest and poorest country imaginable, the great slave hunting ground from which the Lolo carry of their Chinese bondsmen—a country of shepherds, potatoes, poisonous honey, limes down, great snowy mountains, silver mines, and almost incessant rains. I tracked the course of the upper Yangtze to Pingnan. No European has ever been in that region before myself, nor even the Jesuit surveyors; the course of the Yangtze, there called the Gold River, as laid down on their maps, is a bold assumption and altogether incorrect. A line drawn S.W. from a mile or two above Pingnan will indicate its general direction; but it winds about among those grand gorges with the most haughty contempt for the Jesuits' maps.

I shall have more to tell you when I meet you, which I hope will not be for many years, as I am not burning to return to the "Model Sink" by any means.—N. C. D. News.

NORTH-CHINA INSURANCE COMPANY.

A meeting of the allottees of shares in the above Company was held at the head office, Shanghai, on the 22nd Dec., for the purpose of electing directors and auditors for the ensuing year.

The Chairman (Mr E. H. Lavers)—You have all heard read the object of the present meeting; but before proceeding to the election of directors or auditors, I may tell you that the Committee appointed has at last completed its labours. The shares have been allotted; and, as you are aware, we had one thousand to apportion. Nearly two thousand were applied for in China and nearly five hundred in London. The Deed of Settlement has been carefully revised, and I think it will be found to work very well, as to revising the list of shareholders or eliminating non-contributors at the termination of three years. It has been found necessary to fix a term of years for the duration of the company. Of course we intend the company to be a permanent one; but we are advised by Messrs. Bennis and Drummond, that it was necessary to name a number of years, and so we have determined to make it sixty. It is also provided, under the new Deed of Settlement, that any measure will have to be passed by special resolution. It may be well to call attention to the particular requirements on this matter. Twenty-five shareholders, representing at least three-fourths of the shares, must be present by 600 votes or more, and by a majority of at least 340. As to the investment of the Company's funds, it was found that, under the previous deed, the directors had not sufficient scope. Therefore, by the new deed the directors have been given power to invest the funds in either British or Colonial securities. The division of the profits will be the same as in the old company; namely, two-thirds to contributing shareholders and one-third to the shareholders generally. But out of the one-third we are in future to set aside some portion of the dividend to build up a reserve fund, which we are anxious should amount to Taels 400,000. The qualification of a director is now five shares instead of six. I do not think there is any other alteration to which I need allude. You have not been able to see the Deed of Settlement, but it is based on the old Deed with the addition of a few clauses referring to the Company being a permanent one. I may say that it will depend upon you whether the Company be registered or not when the Court shall have power to register. The deed is here and any one can inspect it, but it is a long document, and I think you will hardly have time to look at it this morning. Before the balloting for the directors is proceeded with, I shall be happy to answer any question.

Messrs. Wilber and Campbell were then appointed to act as scrutineers.

A Shareholder having suggested that the voting papers should not be signed, Mr. Bell said they would be destroyed immediately after the election. It should, however, be remembered that all ballots

were not secret. There were many in Hongkong, for instance, not conducted secretly. He thought it better that the voting papers should be signed.

The question was then put to the meeting, and it was decided that the voting papers should be signed.

The result of the ballot was the election of the Provisional Committee as Directors.

The Chairman said there were three applications for the post of Auditors, from Mr Maclean, Mr White, and Mr Limby. As it would take a long time to ballot for them, he would move that Messrs. Maclean and White be elected.

Mr Hart seconded.

The motion was unanimously agreed to. This concluded the business.—Shanghai Courier.

The United States Commission sent out by the Government to find out about peace and good-will with the Sioux chief Sitting Bull have utterly failed in their mission. They found the object of their search at Fort Walsh, forty-five miles north of the Canadian boundary, where Major Walsh, of the Dominion police, who appears to have a special genius for managing wild Indians, had arranged an interview between the Commission and the redoubtable Indian chieftain. The meeting took place on the 17th of October. Sitting Bull, supported by Spotted Eagle and a train of Indians, with his pipe in his mouth, listened in solemn silence to an address from General Terry urging him and the Sioux to return to the United States territory, to give up their arms, ammunition, and horses, to receive compensation in the shape of cows, and to retire to some military post in a submissive spirit. When General Terry had concluded Sitting Bull, removing his pipe from his mouth, returned the following reply to the Commissioner's proposals:—"For sixty-four years (he said), you have kept me and my people and treated me bad. What have we done that you should want us? We have done nothing. It is the people on your side that have started us to do all these depredations. We could not go anywhere else, so we took refuge in this country of the British. It was on this side of the country that we learned to shoot; and that is the reason why I came back to it again. I would like to know why you came here in the first place. I did not give you the country, but you followed me from one place to another; so I had to leave and come over to this country. I did not give you any country, but you took it away from us. I was born and raised in this country with the Red River half-breeds, and I intend to stop with them. I was raised hand in hand with the Red River half-breeds, and we are going to that part of the country; and that is the reason why I have come over here, shaking hands with the English officers. That is the way I intend to be with them. You have got ears to hear, and you



## Mails.



**STEAM FOR**  
Singapore, Penang, Point de Galle,  
Aden, Suez, Malta, Brindisi,  
Ancona, Venice, Mediterranean  
Ports, Southampton,  
and London,  
and also,  
Bombay, Madras, and Calcutta.

**THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM**  
NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamship  
**TEHERAN**, Captain JOHNSON, will leave  
this on THURSDAY, the 3rd January,  
at Noon.  
Tea and General Cargo for London, will  
be conveyed via Bombay without tranship-  
ment, arriving one week later than by the  
direct route. Silk and Valuables will be  
transferred to the Calcutta steamer at Galle.  
For further Particulars, apply to  
A. LIND, Superintendent,  
Hongkong, December 20, 1877. ja3

## Occidental &amp; Oriental Steam-Ship Company.

**TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND**  
**PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED**  
**STATES AND EUROPE,**  
IN CONNECTION WITH THE  
CENTRAL  
and  
UNION PACIFIC AND CONNECTING  
RAILROAD COMPANIES  
AND  
ATLANTIC STEAMERS.

**THE S. S. "GALLIOT"** will be de-  
spatched for San Francisco via Yoko-  
hama, on FRIDAY, the 4th January, 1878,  
at 3 p.m., taking Cargo and Passengers for  
Japan, the United States and Europe.  
Connection is made at Yokohama, with  
Steamers from Shanghai.  
Freight will be received on Board until  
4 p.m. of the 3rd January, 1878. PARCEL  
PACKAGES will be received at the Office  
until 5 p.m. same day; all Parcel Packages  
should be marked to address in full; value  
of same is required.  
A Reduction is made on RETURN PAS-  
SAGE TICKETS.  
For further information as to Freight  
or Passage, apply to the Agency of the  
Company, No. 37, Queen's Road Central.  
G. B. EMORY, Agent.  
Hongkong, December 12, 1877. ja4

## Intimations.

**THE HONGKONG HOTEL.**  
**TENDERS** are invited for a LEASE of  
the HONGKONG HOTEL, the present  
Five-yearly Lease expiring on the 31st  
August, 1878. **SEALED TENDERS** to be  
sent in on or before the 31st March,  
1878, to the Secretary of the Hongkong  
HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED, who will supply  
any information required.  
By Order of the Directors,  
LOUIS HAUSCH, LD.,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, September 15, 1877. ap1

## W. BALL, CHINA DISPENSARY.

**IMPORTER OF DRUGS, CHEMICALS,**  
**DRUGGISTS' Sundries, TOILET**  
**REQUISITES, PATENT MEDI-**  
**CINES AND PERFUMES.**  
Prescriptions Dispensed with Carefulness,  
and Prompt Attention.

**PRAYA WEST, HONGKONG,**  
Near the Canton Steamer's Wharf.  
Hongkong, July 13, 1876.

**AFONG,**  
**PHOTOGRAPHER,**  
by appointment, to  
H. E. SIR ARTHUR KENNEDY,  
GOVERNOR OF HONGKONG;  
and to  
H. I. H. THE GRAND DUKE ALEXIS  
OF RUSSIA.

**WYNDHAM STREET, formerly ADELPHI CLUB,**  
**HAS** on hand the Largest and Best  
collection of Views of China, Pho-  
tographs Albums, Frames, Cases, &c., of  
assorted sizes. **EX S. S. Type**, Revolving  
Standard Albums, Armorial Monograms  
and Postage Stamp Albums, Russia Leather,  
Velvet and carved-wood Albums, Cases and  
Frames, nice Albums for Cabinet Portraits  
only, Portraits of the Generals of the present  
Russo-Turkish War, Eminent British  
Statesmen, the two Chinese Ambassadors,  
in Cabinet and Carte de Visite sizes  
Coloured Portraits of English Ladies.  
Hongkong, August 24, 1877.

**AB YON,**  
**SHIPS' COMMODORE AND**  
**STEVEDORE,**  
No. 57, Praya Wan.  
SHIPPING SUPPLIED WITH ALL KINDS OF  
COAL, WATER, BALLAST, FRESH  
PROVISIONS & OILMAN'S  
STORES  
Of the best quality and at the shortest notice.  
Hongkong, May 1, 1876.

**KWONG HING CHEUNG & Co.,**  
COAL MERCHANTS,  
Have always on hand for Sale every  
description of COAL at Moderate Prices.  
Mr. ARYON has been appointed Manager,  
and all Orders addressed to him at 57,  
Praya, or to Mr. FAT JACK, at 30, Hing  
Lung Street, will receive immediate atten-  
tion.  
Hongkong, March 10, 1877. mo19

## Intimations.

**THE BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1869.**  
IN H. M. PROVINCIAL COURT AT AMOY.  
In the matter of proceedings for Liquidation  
by arrangement or composition  
with Creditors instituted by JOHN  
DODD and CRAWFORD DAVISON  
KERR, trading under the Style of  
DODD & Co., at AMOY and TAMSUI.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that a First  
MEETING of the CREDITORS of  
the above-named Persons has been sum-  
moned to be held at Messrs DODD & Co.'s  
Offices, Amoy, on the 29th day of December  
Instant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon pre-  
cisely.  
Dated this 5th day of December, 1877.  
JOHN DODD,  
CRAWFORD D. KERR,  
by their Attorney,  
J. DODD.

**OFFICE OF THE SHANGHAI STEAM**  
**NAVIGATION COMPANY,**  
IN LIQUIDATION.

**A SECOND RETURN of CAPITAL** at  
the Rate of FIVE TAELS per  
SHARE will be made to Shareholders of  
record on the 1st October, Payable at the  
Office of the Liquidators, on the 3rd Inst.  
Warrants will be delivered by the Under-  
signed to Shareholders or their lawful  
representatives on presentation of Share  
Certificates for Endorsement.  
The Transfer BOOKS of the Company  
will be CLOSED from the 2nd to the 8th  
Instant, inclusive.  
By Order,  
RUSSELL & Co.,  
Liquidators.

Shanghai, October 2, 1877.

## To Let.

**AN OFFICE TO LET.**  
Apply to  
LANDSTEIN & Co.  
Hongkong, September 15, 1877.

**TO LET.**  
Nos. 4, and 5, PERUILL TERRACE, ELGIN  
STREET.  
Apply to  
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.  
Hongkong, July 30, 1877.

**TO LET.**  
THE FIRST STORY of the Premises  
No. 1, Praya East.  
Apply to  
A. HAHN.  
Hongkong, December 3, 1877.

**TO LET.**  
THE Dwelling House and Offices No. 1,  
D'Aguilar Street, lately in the occupa-  
tion of Messrs DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.  
The Bungalow No. 17, Wellington Street.  
Apply to  
DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.  
Hongkong, December 28, 1877.

**TO LET ON LEASE.**  
Possession on the 1st January, 1878.  
THE Well-known Premises now occu-  
pied as the "STAG HOTEL." The  
House contains: Dining Room, Sitting  
Room, and 12 Bed-rooms, a large Billiard  
Room for Two Tables, Pantry, Bath-rooms,  
and W. C. Also, a Bar, in Queen's Road,  
and Store attached; Cook House, 2 Boys  
Rooms, &c. Gas and Water laid on.  
For further Particulars, apply to  
J. ARMSTRONG,  
Queen's Road Central.  
Hongkong, November 30, 1877.

**TO LET.**  
HOUSE No. 10, Albany Road, lately  
occupied by the Rev. R. H. KIDD.  
"Bianze Villa," Pok-foo-lum, Furnished.  
Nos. 9 and 11, Queen's Road Central,  
with spacious Godowns attached, at present  
occupied by Messrs BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.  
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.  
Hongkong, October 13, 1877.

## Insurances.

**THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE**  
**COMPANY, LIMITED.**

**HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.**

**AGENCIES** at all the Treaty Ports of  
China and Japan, and at Singapore,  
Saidon and Penang.

Risks accepted, and Policies of Insurance  
granted at the rates of Premium current at  
the above mentioned Ports.  
**NO CHARGE FOR POLICY FEE.**  
JAS. B. COUGHTRE,  
Secretary.  
Hongkong, November 1, 1871.

**NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE**  
**INSURANCE COMPANY.**

Incorporated by Royal Charter and  
Special Acts of Parliament.  
ESTABLISHED 1809.  
CAPITAL £2,000,000.

**THE Underigned, Agents at Hongkong**  
for the above Company, are prepared  
to grant Policies against FIRE, to the  
extent of £10,000 on any Building, or  
on Merchandise in the same, at the  
usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20  
per cent.  
GILMAN & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, July 6, 1875.

**QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE**  
**COMPANY.**

**THE Underigned, Agents at Hongkong**  
for the above Company, are prepared  
to grant Policies against FIRE to the extent of  
£45,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored  
therein, at current local rates, subject to a  
Discount of 20% on the Premium.  
NORTON & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, January 1, 1874.

## Insurances.

**YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSO-**  
**CIATION.**  
CAPITAL—Fully Paid-up.....Tls. 420,000  
PERMANENT RESERVE.....230,000  
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND.....75,000  
Total Capital and accumula-  
tions this date.....Tls. 725,000

**Directors:**  
F. B. FORBES, Esq., Chairman.  
M. W. BOYD, Esq. | O. KRESS, Esq.  
M. P. EVANS, Esq. | O. LUCAS, Esq.  
**Secretaries:**  
Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Shanghai.  
London Bankers:  
Messrs. BARRING BROTHERS & Co.  
**Agencies in:**  
HONGKONG, LONDON, SAN FRANCISCO, and  
the Principal Ports in the East.

**POLICIES** granted on Marine Risks to  
all parts of the World, at current  
rates.  
Subject to a charge of 12% for Interest  
on Shareholders' Capital, ALL THE PROFITS  
OF THE UNDERWRITING BUSINESS will be  
annually distributed among all Contribu-  
tors of Business in proportion to the  
premium paid by them.

RUSSELL & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, October 1, 1877.

**CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY,**  
**(LIMITED.)**

**NOTICE.**  
**POLICIES** granted at current rates on  
Marine Risks to all parts of the World.  
In accordance with the Company's Articles  
of Association, Two Thirds of the Profits  
are distributed annually to Contributors,  
whether Shareholders or not, in proportion  
to the net amount of Premium contributed  
by each, the remaining third being carried  
to Reserve Fund.

OLYPHANT & Co.,  
General Agents.  
Hongkong, April 17, 1873.

**ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.**

**THE Underigned, Agents for the above**  
Company, are prepared to grant In-  
surances at current rates.

MELOERS & Co.,  
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.  
Hongkong, October 27, 1874.

**LANCASHIRE INSURANCE**  
**COMPANY.**

**(FIRE AND LIFE.)**

**CAPITAL—TWO MILLIONS STERLING.**

**THE Underigned are prepared to grant**  
Policies against the Risk of FIRE on  
Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on  
Coals in Matched, on Goods on Board  
Vessels and on Hulls of Vessels in Har-  
bour, at the usual Terms and Conditions.  
Proposals for Life Insurances will be re-  
ceived, and transmitted to the Directors  
for their decision.  
If required, protection will be granted on  
first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single  
Life.  
For Rates of Premiums, forms of pro-  
posals or any other information, apply to  
ARNOLD, KARBERG & Co.  
Agents Hongkong & Canton.  
Hongkong, January 4, 1867.

**SHEONG ON FIRE INSURANCE**  
**COMPANY, LIMITED.**

**CAPITAL ONE MILLION DOLLARS.**

**Directors.**  
KWOK ACHONG, Merchant.  
PANG YIM, Merchant.  
HO SAM, of Hop Yik Chan, Merchant.  
LOO YEE, of the Yee On Hong, Merchant.  
LEE SING, of Lai Hing Firm, Merchant.  
CHEUNG SING YONG, Merchant.  
CHOW CHAN, Merchant.

**Manager—HO AMEL.**

**POLICIES** against FIRE granted on  
BUILDINGS and on Goods stored  
therein at CURRENT RATES, subject to  
Discount of 20% on the Premium.

**OFFICE, 43, Bonham Strand.**  
Hongkong, August 23, 1877. an28

**THE LONDON ASSURANCE.**

**INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER**  
of  
His Majesty King George The First,  
A. D. 1720.

**THE Underigned having been appointed**  
Agents for the above Corporation are  
prepared to grant Insurances as follows—  
**Marine Department.**  
Policies at current rates payable either  
here, in London or at the principal Ports  
of India, China and Australia.

**Fire Department.**  
Policies issued for long or short periods at  
current rates. A discount of 20% allowed.

**Life Department.**  
Policies issued for sums not exceeding  
£5,000 at reduced rates.

**HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.**  
Hongkong, July 25, 1872.

**MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE**  
**COMPANY OF MANCHESTER**  
**AND LONDON.**

**THE Underigned have been appointed**  
Agents for the above Company at  
Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai  
and Hankow, and are prepared to grant  
Insurances at current rates.  
HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.  
Hongkong, October 14, 1868.

## Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.

Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.

Vessel's Name.	Anchor- age.	Captain.	Flag and Reg.	Tons.	Date of Arrival.	Consignees or Agents.	Destination.	Remarks.
Steamers								
Albay	5 b	F. Ashton	Brit.	str.	366	Dec. 24	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	
Bellona	4 b	Ahrens	Ger.	str.	789	Dec. 16	Wm. Pustau & Co.	Haiphong
Camoes	2 b	Wharton	Brit.	str.	95	Oct. 2	Kwok Achong	To-morrow
Cassbrook	2 b	Wharton	Brit.	str.	986	Dec. 19	Man Hing Chan	
Chinkiang	4 b	Langer	Ger.	str.	937	Dec. 14	Wm. Pustau & Co.	
Chinkiang	2 b	Orr	Brit.	str.	799	Dec. 12	Siemssen & Co.	Salgon
Douglas	2 b	Clanchy	Brit.	str.	570	Dec. 22	Yuen Fat Hong	K'loon Dock
Fame	5 b	Fittman	Brit.	str.	864	Dec. 26	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	To-morrow
Flintshire	6 b	Stopani	Brit.	str.	117	Dec. 23	H. K. & W. P. S. S. Co.	30th daylight
Gaelle	2 b	Kidley	Brit.	str.	1243	Dec. 20	H. Kier & Co.	Tug Plying
Golden Horn	2 b	Alton	Brit.	str.	1712	Dec. 23	O. & S. S. Co.	K'loon Dock
Keinchow	2 b	Alton	Brit.	str.	1023	Dec. 26	Wm. Pustau & Co.	Abdeen Dock
Mariveles	2 b	Munoz	Spain	str.	359	Oct. 18	Kwok Achong	Costan Dock
Nelson	4 b	Staples	Brit.	str.	894	Dec. 24	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	K'loon Dock
Normanby	4 b	Ellis	Brit.	str.	960	Dec. 22	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	
Pansey	5 b	Goyenechea	Spain	str.	500	Oct. 30	Remedios & Co.	
Parnala	3 b	Sargent	Brit.	str.	1015	Dec. 24	Melchers & Co.	Australian Ports
Sea Gull	3 b	McKirdy	Bel.	str.	2000	Nov. 24	Olyphant & Co.	To-morrow
Sin Nanxing	5 b	Roberts	Brit.	str.	48	Sept. 19	Insurance Company	Sands' Slip
Sunda	2 b	Drage	Brit.	str.	714	Dec. 21	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	
Tibre	2 b	Reeves	Brit.	str.	1029	Dec. 19	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Shanghai
Tintern Abbey	2 b	Girard	Fch.	str.	1009	Dec. 24	Messageries Maritimes	Yokohama
W. Corea de Vries	4 b	Tindale	Brit.	str.	786	Dec. 27	Siemssen & Co.	Yokohama
Yesso	4 b	Holland	Brit.	str.	487	Dec. 25	Kesong-hob-cheang	
		S. Ashton	Brit.	str.	559	Nov. 22	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	Haiphong
Sailing Vessels								
Ada Wiswell	2 b	Wiswell	Am. Sm. sc.	558	Nov. 28	Captain		
Alden Besso	4 b	Noyes	Amer. bge.	842	Nov. 27	Rozario & Co.		
Alexandra	8 b	Elliot	Brit. bge.	407	Nov. 26	Douglas Lapraik & Co.		
Alphington	3 b	Cunningham	Brit. bge.	326	Sept. 6	Wieler & Co.		
Amie Florence	8 b	Johnson	Brit. bge.	667	Dec. 8	Borneo Co., Limited		
Angeles	2 b	Barbeyron	Fch. bge.	891	Nov. 14	Carlowitz & Co.		
Annie M. Smull	2 b	Paquer	Amer. sh.	1053	Dec. 4	Russell & Co.		
Annie S. Hall	2 b	Nelson	Amer. bktine.	455	Dec. 10	Captain		
B. F. Watson	3 b	Wandel	Dan. bge.	265	Dec. 4	Edward Schellhass & Co.		
Boethoven	3 b	Hawkins	Amer. bge.	993	Nov. 26	Rozario & Co.		
Birkor	3 b	Haje	Ger. bge.	840	Nov. 26	Melchers & Co.		
Broma	3 b	Reynolds	Brit. sh.	1008	Dec. 11	Order		
Briehane	4 b	Timpe	Ger. bge.	380	Nov. 21	Wieler & Co.		
Broomhall	4 b	Hudleston	Brit. bge.	894	Dec. 17	Russell & Co.		
Bua Pan	3 b	Moller	Brit. sh.	1379	Oct. 26	Russell & Co.		
Canton	3 b	Crantz	Siam. sh.	579	Dec. 19	Kin-tye-loong		
Carmelita & Ida	4 b	Katals	Ger. bge.	378	Dec. 14	Siemssen & Co.		
Charles Moursau	4 b	Quatrous	Fch. bge.	438	Dec. 5	Edward Schellhass & Co.		
Charlotte Andrews	3 b	Beattie	Fch. bge.	862	Nov. 14	Landstein & Co.		
Charter Oak	3 b	Staples	Brit. bge.	353	Nov. 30	Rozario & Co.		
Cilurum	3 b	Shrewsbury	Amer. sh.	963	Oct. 24	Vogel, Hagedorn & Co.		
City of Halifax	7 b	Evans	Brit. sh.	1884	Sept. 25	Vogel, Hagedorn & Co.		
Clara	3 b	Chalmers	Brit. sh.	898	Dec. 24	Meyer & Co.		
Colorado	4 b	Ingraham	Amer. sh.	1075	Nov. 7	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Coreana	8 b	Vincent	Amer. sch.	150	Sept. 15	Vogel, Hagedorn & Co.		
Cresswell	8 b	White	Brit. bge.	464	Oct. 30	Insurance Co.		
Echo	3 b	Tuzer	Brit. bge.	860	Dec. 8	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Fabius	8 b	Stolze	Siam. sh.	636	Oct. 28	Kin-tye-loong		
Falcon	8 b	Barry	Brit. bge.	798	Dec. 23	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Ferdinand	7 b	Westergaard	Ger. bge.	887	Nov. 28	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Ferdinand Brumme	4 b	Voss	Ger. bge.	767	Nov. 28	Melchers & Co.		
Flodden	3 b	Fraser	Brit. bge.	387	Nov. 30	Wieler & Co.		
Formosa	3 b	Schweer	Ger. Sm. sc.	282	Nov. 19	Melchers & Co.		
Fortune	2 b	Petterson	Siam. bge.	449	Dec. 20	Tak Mee		
Fyo Staras	4 b	Garginto	Ital. bge.	494	Dec. 19	Thos. Howard & Co.		
Fri. d'Al Perthes	4 b	Walters	Ger. bge.	447	Dec. 15	Siemssen & Co.		
Glasgowshire	4 b	McEachern	Brit. bge.	456	Dec. 2	H. Kier & Co.		
Glenfua	3 b	Lang	Brit. bge.	472	Dec. 22	Chinese		
Glory	4 b	Watts	Brit. bge.	372	Nov. 16	Landstein & Co.		
Golden Bussell	8 b	Thompson	Siam. bge.	550	Nov. 14	Tak Mee		
Golden Spur	8 b	Richardson	Brit. bge.	408	Nov. 19	Wm. Pustau & Co.		
Goliath	2 b	Farrell	Brit. sh.	556	Dec. 22	Meyer & Co.		
Great Admiral	8 b	Thompson	Siam. bge.	542	Dec. 4	Chinese		
Helene	4 b	Volquardsen	Amer. sh.	1676	Aug. 19	Russell & Co.		
Hermann	4 b	Pena	Ger. bge.	672	Dec. 17	Wieler & Co.		
Hieronymus	2 b	Shahl	Ger. bge.	425	Dec. 6	Wm. Pustau & Co.		
Hopeful	4 b	Danouter	Brit. Sm. sc.	218	Dec. 5	Wieler & Co.		
Humboldt	4 b	Stoll	Brit. bge.	830	Dec. 18	Butterfield & Swire		
Ionian	3 b	Cave	Brit. bge.	373	Nov. 24	Chinese		
Irene	4 b	Hansen	Ger. sch.	287	Nov. 21	Wm. Pustau & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Moberg	Russ. sh.	1365	Dec. 20	Landstein & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Nickerson	Am. Sm. sc.	542	Dec. 18	Butterfield & Swire		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Windt	Ger. bge.	288	Dec. 15	Siemssen & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Laub	Dan. bge.	267	Nov. 25	Edward Schellhass & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Wilson	Brit. bge.	549	Oct. 20	Meyer & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Giese	Brit. bge.	580	Dec. 8	Rozario & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Wilkens	Brit. bge.	187	Dec. 25	Meyer & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	2 b	Sandersen	Siam. bge.	422	Oct. 21	Tak Mee		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Kluge	Ger. bge.	.....	Nov. 26	Wieler & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Thompson	Brit. bge.	330	Sept. 19	Wieler & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Burmeister	Ger. bge.	456	Sept. 25	Rozario & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	3 b	Gaulboux	Fch. bge.	425	Nov. 25	Carlowitz & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Howes	Am. Sm. sc.	266	Dec. 23	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	5 b	Egan	Brit. bge.	502	Dec. 4	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	2 b	Prior	Brit. bge.	472	Dec. 3	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	2 b	Soule	Am. Sm. sc.	484	Dec. 7	Captain		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Clovet	Amer. bge.	404	Nov. 21	Olyphant & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	2 b	Joynt	Brit. sh.	2394	Oct. 20	Vogel, Hagedorn & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Longmuir	Brit. bge.	885	Nov. 25	Russell & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Scott	Brit. bge.	681	Nov. 20	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Gouin	Fch. bge.	458	Nov. 11	Carlowitz & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Luths	Ger. bge.	276	Dec. 17	Edward Schellhass & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	8 b	Moller	Ger. Sm. sc.	311	Dec. 28	Edward Schellhass & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	8 b	Richards	Brit. bge.	599	Oct. 21	Wm. Pustau & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	3 b	Schultz	Ger. bge.	898	Dec. 27	Wm. Pustau & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	7 b	Case	Brit. sh.	1075	Dec. 23	Order		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Bryant	Amer. sch.	395	Nov. 8	Russell & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	5 b	Cobb	Brit. sh.	1049	Dec. 22	Adamson, Bell & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Bingo	Ger. bge.	210	Dec. 3	Wieler & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	5 b	Parazolo	Fch. bge.	768	Dec. 8	Landstein & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	2 b	Leroy	Fch. bge.	622	Nov. 25	Carlowitz & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	8 b	Francois	Fch. bge.	286	Nov. 25	Carlowitz & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Dunard	Fch. bge.	388	Nov. 8	Carlowitz & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	3 b	Clough	Amer. sh.	1090	Sept. 8	Russell & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	3 b	Williams	Siam. bge.	654	Dec. 27	Chinese		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	McDonough	Amer. bge.	682	Oct. 23	Russell & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	3 b	Dirks	Spain. sch.	248	Nov. 21	Remedios & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Canus	Spain. sch.	302	Dec. 28	Melchers & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Wright	Brit. Sm. sc.	281	Dec. 4	Brandao & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	4 b	Gladstone	Brit. bge.	259	Nov. 11	Borneo Co., Limited		
Isa A. Brown	5 b	Galichan	Brit. bge.	534	Dec. 20	Wm. Pustau & Co.		
HAMPOA								
Isa A. Brown	Wyeth	Brit.	bge.	592	Dec. 26	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	Romney	Brit.	bge.	315	Dec. 7	Wm. Pustau & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	Diedrichsen	Ger.	sh.	538	Dec. 27	Carlowitz & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	Hansen	Dan.	bge.	343	Dec. 24	Edward Schellhass & Co.		
SANTON								
Isa A. Brown	Tisdal	Chi.	str.	734	Dec. 25	M. B. N. Co.		
Isa A. Brown	Olark	Brit.	str.	984	Dec. 27	Siemssen & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	Thompson	Brit.	str.	1301	Dec. 26	H. Kier & Co.		
Isa A. Brown	Hopkins	Brit.	str.	984	Dec. 27	Siemssen & Co.		
Shanghai								